## KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA National Religion King



Ministry of Agriculture Forestry and Fisheries Fisheries Administration

Cambodia Programme for Sustainable and Inclusive Growth in the Fisheries Sector: Capture Component

Monthly Statistical Report

Scientific Catch Assessment of Inland Fisheries in Cambodia

July 2023

By Inland Fisheries Research and Development Institute

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## 1. Introduction

IFReDI, with technical assistance from FAO CAPFISH project under EU budget support, is implementing a scientific catch assessment survey, using a monthly household recall survey for inland fisheries in Cambodia. The aim is to obtain better information on catch and effort by small-scale household fisheries in Cambodia, and to develop a sustainable catch monitoring methodology for implementation by provincial fisheries administrations, supported by IFReDI. The current monthly statistical report provides preliminary analysis based on the available data and focuses on the main indicators that are covered by the catch assessment survey. A more comprehensive analysis will be included in the annual report.

## 2. Methodology of data collection and analysis

A description of the methodology can be found in: Fisheries Administration (FiA). 2021. Manual fo Scientific Catch Assessment by Recall survey of Inlan Fisheries in Cambodia. Inland Fisheries Research an Development Institute of the Fisherie Administration, Phnom Penh, Cambodia. 47 pages.





The total estimated catch in this report is calculated using the proportion of fishing households found by the random household selection under the Household Selection Interview survey. This is taken to be representative for the proportion of fishing households for each fishing area and this is combined with the total number of rural households by fishing area from the NIS 2019 population census to estimate the total number of fishing households. The Fishing Activity Coefficient is estimated from proportion of households reporting fishing activities in the Household Catch Interview.

Estimates for CPUE, the average (mean) daily household catch and the mean monthly household catch used for extrapolating the total catch, come with a value for the relative standard error ( $\epsilon$ %). This is used to indicate the statistical accuracy of the estimate for the mean catch. If the  $\epsilon$ % is higher than 30% this indicates a high inaccuracy¹, either due to high variation or low sample size and the value cannot be used to represent the real value of the mean catch and are clearly indicated in the tables included in this report.

In tables with the proportion of reported catch obtained by habitat and fishing gear, the average daily catch by habitat or gear (CPUE) isn't included. The available data displays too much variation for it to be statistically accurate for that level of detail for monthly estimates and cannot be expected representative for the real CPUE at low numbers of observations available. When relevant this will be included in the annual report, if sufficient observations are available for individual gears/habitats that give a high enough statistical accuracy.

## 3. Statistical tables and results

**Table 1.** Number of random selected households covered by the survey and proportion of target household by fishing area for July 2023.

Fishing Area	Villages	Household			
Fishing Area	Villages	Count	Target	Proportion	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For national statistical reports the rule of thumb states that if the relative standard error (ε%) is higher than 30%, the average should not be **reported** and that only estimates with a value of ε%, below 25% should be considered **statistically valid**. The current report includes all estimated values to indicate that an estimate is available, with the value for ε% indicating the statistical accuracy.

Mountainous  Grand Total	20 <b>56</b>	294 <b>835</b>	300 <b>840</b>	98.0% <b>99.4%</b>
Tonle Sap	10	149	150	99.3%
Plateau	6	89	90	98.9%
Floodplain	17	258	255	101.2%
Coastal	3	45	45	100.0%

**Table 2.** Mean **daily** household catch (CPUE), with number of active fishing households, standard deviation and relative standard error, by fishing area.

Fishing Area	Active HH	Daily HH catch (Kg)	SD	ε%
Coastal	22	2.61	1.72	14.0%
Floodplain	113	3.15	2.68	8.0%
Plateau	95	4.11	4.94	12.3%
Tonle Sap	151	5.64	10.22	14.7%
Mountainous	46	2.80	1.94	10.2%
Overall	427	4.18	6.78	7.8%

Mean daily catch calculated based on the reported 5-day catch and fishing days, with SD is Standard Deviation; ε% is relative Standard Error

**Table 3.** Mean **monthly** household catch, with proportion of active fishing households, standard deviation, relative standard error and total estimated catch by fishing area.

Fishing Area	% Active HH	Monthly HH catch (Kg)	SD	ε%	Total (MT)	Contribution (%)
Coastal	49%	31.69	4.62	18.7%	958	2.2%
Floodplain	44%	48.75	10.74	12.4%	13,094	29.6%
Plateau	64%	91.47	23.59	15.9%	5,687	12.9%
Tonle Sap	51%	110.84	41.81	18.4%	21,672	49.0%
Mountainous	52%	46.70	6.86	13.0%	3,171	7.2%
		atch (MT)	44,582			

SD is Standard Deviation;  $\epsilon\%$  is relative Standard Error

**Table 4.** Proportion of fishing days on which male and female adults and children are reporting fishing activities.

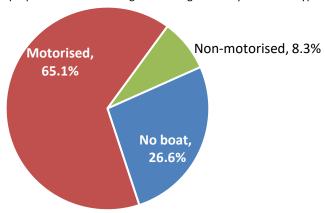
Fishing Area	Adult Female	Adult Male	Child Female	Child Male
Coastal	4.7%	69.8%	4.7%	27.9%
Floodplain	9.4%	96.7%	0.0%	1.2%
Plateau	5.2%	63.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Tonle Sap	13.5%	86.3%	0.2%	6.5%
Mountainous	0.0%	96.0%	0.0%	0.8%
<b>Grand Total</b>	8.7%	83.4%	0.3%	3.9%

The maximum involvement of each gender and age group is 100% for each fishing area, if they are fishing on all reported fishing days, the total for each fishing area can be more than 100%.

**Table 5.** Reported catch (Kg) with proportion caught by main boat type by fishing area.

Fishing Area	rea Catch (Kg) No boat		Motorised	Non-motorised
Coastal	103.8	83.1%	0.0%	16.9%
Floodplain	681.6	65.5%	23.8%	10.7%
Plateau	1,088.3	6.0%	92.2%	1.7%
Tonle Sap	2,203.0	19.1%	74.6%	6.3%
Mountainous	289.8	49.4%	11.5%	39.1%
<b>Grand Total</b>	4,366.4	26.6%	65.1%	8.3%

Overall proportion based on weighted average catch by main boat type and fishing area, not reported total catch<sup>2</sup>

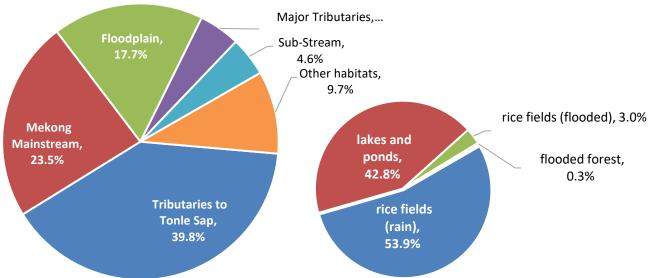


**Figure 1.** Overall contribution of the main boat types to total reported catch.

**Table 6.** Proportion and reported catch by habitat for single habitat catches by fishing area.

Fishing Habitats	Coastal	Floodplain	Plateau	Tonle Sap	Mountain	Grand Total
Tributaries to Tonle Sap	0.0%	17.9%	0.0%	71.8%	0.0%	39.8%
Mekong Mainstream	0.0%	5.1%	82.9%	0.1%	11.7%	23.5%
Floodplain: rice fields (rain)	43.7%	32.8%	2.0%	2.5%	41.5%	9.5%
Floodplain: lakes and ponds	0.0%	16.1%	0.7%	7.4%	24.0%	7.6%
Major Tributaries	0.0%	8.0%	10.6%	0.0%	16.9%	4.8%
Sub-Stream	0.0%	12.3%	3.3%	3.5%	0.0%	4.6%
Stream	35.9%	1.0%	0.0%	6.0%	5.9%	4.2%
Reservoir	1.6%	2.5%	0.0%	5.5%	0.0%	3.3%
Unspecified	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.4%	0.0%	1.2%
Irrigation canals	18.8%	1.7%	0.3%	0.6%	0.0%	1.0%
Floodplain: rice fields (flooded)	0.0%	2.1%	0.3%	0.2%	0.0%	0.5%
Floodplain: flooded forest	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%
Seasonal swamps	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.02%
Grand Total (kg)	116.2	918.2	1,448.2	2,789.4	358.0	5,630.1

Only catch for fishing days that report fishing in a single habitat is included.



**Figure 2.** Overall contribution of the habitats to total reported catch, with proportion of catch for floodplain habitats

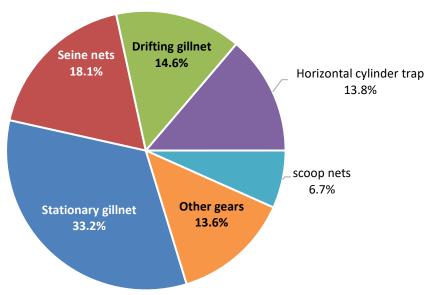
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 $<sup>^2</sup>$  This is the standard way to calculate, but isn't done for habitat and gear catch, as this is complicated by fishing days where the reported catch is from multiple habitats or caught by multiple gears

**Table 7.** Proportion and reported catch by gear for single gear days, by fishing area.

Fishing gears	Coastal	Floodplain	Plateau	Tonle Sap	Mountain	Grand Total
Stationary gillnet	7.3%	15.9%	65.0%	21.8%	26.8%	33.2%
Seine nets	0.0%	9.1%	0.0%	32.2%	0.0%	18.10%
Drifting gillnet	25.9%	27.4%	19.2%	8.4%	14.5%	14.6%
Horizontal cylinder trap	7.8%	20.0%	11.7%	13.6%	14.2%	13.8%
scoop nets	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	12.7%	0.0%	6.68%
Cast net	16.3%	8.4%	0.7%	4.9%	14.8%	4.8%
Hand capture	41.1%	1.7%	0.2%	2.4%	3.8%	2.6%
Spear	0.0%	10.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	1.4%
Horizontal cylinder trap	0.0%	3.0%	0.7%	1.0%	6.7%	1.4%
Others gears	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%	0.8%	17.4%	1.0%
Hook long line	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%	1.3%	0.0%	0.8%
Hook and line	0.0%	0.3%	2.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.7%
Bamboo vertical cylinder trap	1.5%	3.7%	0.0%	0.2%	0.0%	0.6%
Pole and line	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.5%	0.7%	0.3%
Push nets	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.2%	0.04%
Grand Total (kg)	116.2	918.2	1,448.2	2,789.4	358.0	5,630.1

Only catch for fishing days that report fishing with a single gear is included, therefore the total is different from reported catch by habitat.



**Figure 3.** Overall contribution of the gears to total reported catch.

**Table 8.** Reported disposal by fishing area in weight and proportion.

Fishing Area	Sold Kg	% Sold	Consumed Kg	% Consumed	Other use Kg	% Other use
Coastal	54.0	1.6%	60.2	4.2%	2.0	0.3%
Floodplain	497.5	14.4%	278.2	19.4%	142.5	19.4%
Plateau	579.8	16.7%	483.3	33.8%	385.1	52.5%
Tonle Sap	2,171.9	62.7%	425.5	29.7%	192.0	26.2%
Mountainous	162.1	4.7%	184.3	12.9%	11.6	1.6%
<b>Grand Total</b>	3,465.3	61.6%	1,431.6	25.4%	733.2	13.0%

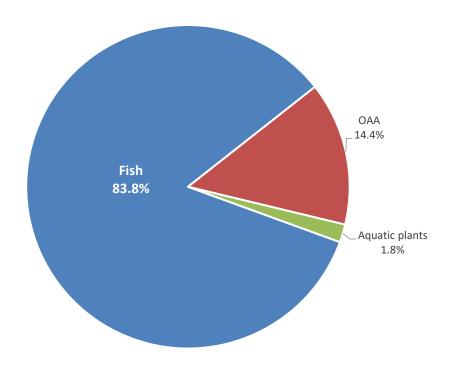


Figure 4. Catch contribution for fish, other aquatic animals (OAA) and aquatic plants.

**Table 9.** Top 15 species **by weight** in reported household catch, with weight and proportion of catch by individual species and species groups.

No.	Scientific name	Khmer name	Catch	Catch co	ntribution
NO.	Scientific flame		(kg)	%Catch	%Cum.
1	Puntioplites proctozysron	ត្រីច្រកែង	914.8	16.2%	16.2%
2	Henicorhynchus siamensis	ត្រីរៀលតុប	393.8	7.0%	23.2%
3	Small mixed shrimps	កំពឹសចម្រុះ	359.9	6.4%	29.6%
4	Mystus mysticetus	ត្រីកញ្ចុះឆ្នូត	336.7	6.0%	35.6%
5	Channa striata	ត្រីរ៉ស់/ផ្ទក់	235.1	4.2%	39.8%
6	Hypsibarbus malcolmi	ត្រីឆ្ពិនមូល	212.4	3.8%	43.6%
7	Henicorhynchus lobatus	ត្រីរៀលអង្កាម	192.0	3.4%	47.0%
8	Somanniathelphusa sp.	ក្ដាមស្រែ	186.4	3.3%	50.3%
9	Osteochilus lini	ត្រីក្រុស	185.9	3.3%	53.6%
10	Mystus singaringan	ត្រីកញ្ចុះបាយស	173.1	3.1%	56.7%
11	Anabas testudineus	ត្រីក្រាញ់	142.2	2.5%	59.2%
12	Polynemus longipectoralis	កំព្រាម	126.0	2.2%	61.4%
13	Cyclocheilichthys enoplos	ត្រីស្កោក	125.9	2.2%	63.7%
14	Hemibagrus spilopterus	ត្រីឆ្លាំង	110.0	2.0%	65.6%
15	Barbonymus gonionotus	ត្រីឆ្ពិនប្រាក់	107.3	1.9%	67.5%
16	Other	ផ្សេងទៀត	1828.6	32.5%	
	Total reported catch (kg)		5630.1		

Top 15 species **by value** (1000 Riel) for amount sold, with reported value, proportion of value and average price for individual species and species groups. Table 10.

No.	Scientific name	Khmer name	Value (1000 Riel)	%Value	Price (Riel/kg)
1	Puntioplites proctozysron	ត្រីច្រកែង	2,854.5	14.6%	7,075
2	Mystus mysticetus	ត្រីកញ្ចុះឆ្នូត	2,230.8	11.4%	7,525
3	Mystus singaringan	ត្រីកញ្ចុះបាយស	1,402.8	7.2%	6,750
4	Henicorhynchus siamensis	ត្រីរៀលតុប	1,005.8	5.1%	6,400
5	Channa striata	ត្រីរ៉ស់/ផ្ទាក់	880.9	4.5%	11,100
6	Hemibagrus spilopterus	ត្រីឆ្លាំង	845.1	4.3%	11,025
7	Cyclocheilichthys enoplos	ត្រីឆ្កោក	591.5	3.0%	7,350
8	Barbonymus gonionotus	ត្រីឆ្ពិនប្រាក់	581.8	3.0%	8,375
9	Hypsibarbus malcolmi	ត្រីឆ្ពិនមូល	568.0	2.9%	5,050
10	Osteochilus lini	ត្រីក្រុស	547.7	2.8%	5,725
11	Syncrossus helodes	ត្រីកញ្ជ្រកឆ្នុត	517.0	2.6%	7,400
12	Boesemania microlepis	ត្រីប្រម៉ា	501.3	2.6%	9,375
13	Polynemus longipectoralis	កំព្រាម	442.0	2.3%	4,000
14	Mystus Bocourti	ត្រីកញ្ចុះក្ដោង	415.0	2.1%	11,500
15	Macrognathus siamensis	ត្រីឆ្លូញ	409.3	2.1%	13,900
16	Other species	ប្រភេទដ៏ទៃទៀត	5,824.6	29.7%	
	Total reported value (1000 Riel)		19,618.1		